

Tips for Promoting School Attendance

Dealing with school refusal behaviours at home can be hard. If it was easy, you would already be doing it. We have provided some key tips and strategies to help you reflect on what is working well and implement new strategies to set up a typical day to promote school attendance.

Tips	Example
Maintain clear expectations about	Display the school timetable to make it visible
school attendance and why it is	Have school equipment and books ready
important	Talk about roles and responsibilities that everyone has in the
	household
	Build a strong supportive relationship with your young person's school
	support team.
	Be ready to try again the next day
Practice clear and assertive	"You will be required to go to school no matter how much you delay"
communication when talking	• "I've asked you already. It's time to get up for school. Its 7.30, we will
about school attendance	be leaving in 45 minutes for school. You have 5 minutes to get dressed for school".
	"I/We will do whatever we have to do in order to get you to school"
	"We cannot allow you to remain at home"
	"I know this is hard but it has to happen. You have to go to school."
	"After school today you can for attending school"
	"I know it was tough today but we expect you to go tomorrow".
	Avoid vague messages e.g. "Are you going to school today?"
Acknowledge and validate anxious	Notice the emotion e.g. look for facial expressions and body language
feelings about attending school	Label the emotions e.g. "you look worried" or "You're pacing around the room, I can you are anxious"
	Acknowledge, empathise and validate the emotion e.g. "I know this is
	really hard"; "I know this is tiring for you having to constantly struggle"
Externalise the problem when	Your anxiety is visiting you with force this morning huh?
talking about school refusal or	What is the anxiety saying to you?
anxiety. The person is not the	What could you say back to your anxiety to get it to go away this
problem, the problem is the	morning?
problem.	I have seen you fight back against your anxiety, what did you say to it last time?
	Avoid negative messages e.g. "You should", "You never", threats, criticism or put downs.



Remain firm and calm when talking about school attendance	 Reflect on your own personal distress around the situation and how you manage it; your internal dialogue around the young person's challenges in going to school; and Your experiences and attitudes towards school.
Set boundaries and limits to	Plan Ahead! Don't make up rules and consequences in the heat of the Discuss rules and consequences when average is called.
provide clear expectations around behaviour and school attendance	 moment. Discuss rules and consequences when everyone is calm. Consequences should be immediate and short term to allow adolescents the opportunity to practice doing the right thing. Make staying at home boring. This means no TV or computer games. Confiscate device or WIFI access during school hours. Only allow your young person to stay home from school for medical reasons (not including minor ailments or tiredness). Obtain medical certificate and provide it to the school. Aim for rules and consequences to be clear and consistent. Avoid threatening things you won't follow through on. When implementing consequences try to do it in private and stay calm
Reinforce school attendance with positive rewards and incentives	Help your young person face their fears and provide lots of praise and rewards when they do.
	 Avoid punishment as it only makes it worse and it can feel discouraging.