

Treating and controlling head lice

Dispelling the myths



Head lice problems

- •Head lice problems occur even though parents try to stop them
- •Parents are given poor and conflicting advice and information
- •These myths often come from trusted sources



Myths about head lice

- Kids with lice scratch or itch
- 50% don't
- Head lice jump or fly from head to head
- Head lice can't jump or fly
- Lice live in carpets, beds and clothes
- Lice live only on heads

More myths

- One treatment is enough
- One treatment will not get rid of lice
- Everyone in the family should be treated
- Treat only family members with live lice
- Some products prevent head lice
- Tie long hair back and check for lice regularly
- Head lice are selective about their home
- Head lice like all hair clean, dirty, long, short...

Some facts

- Eggs are laid close to the scalp
- They hatch after 6 or 7 days
- There are 3 nymph (baby) stages before maturity (adult) which is 10 days after hatching
- Lice live for about 30 days spending their entire life on the human head
- Females lay 3 to 8 eggs per day

More facts

- Head lice are easy to kill
- In two schools with at least 50 cases of head lice in each 1000 hats were checked and no lice were found on them
- In a primary school where 7000 lice were found on children's heads none were found on the carpet.

The great escape

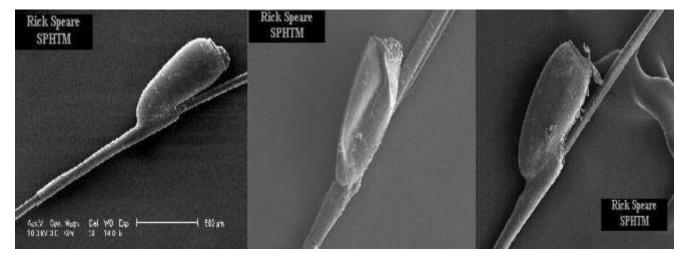
- Few lice ever fall off the head
- Those that do are probably about to die
- If healthy lice fall they generally die quickly, depending on how humid it is
 - eg 24 hours in Townsville in the wet season 6 hours in Townsville in the dry season



Head lice eggs (nits)

- It is helpful to be able to identify the eggs
- Sunlight or strong light and magnification may help
- If a child has empty hatched eggs or dead eggs and no live lice or crawlers they do not have an active infection and **no treatment is needed**.

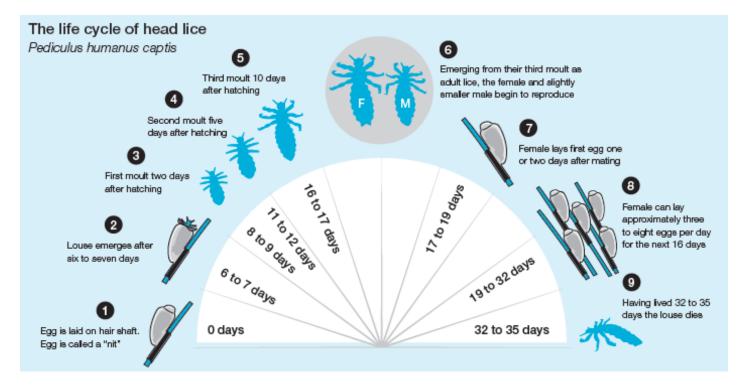
Lice eggs have curved walls and will pop when squeezed



Lice eggs have curved walls and will pop when squeezed Dead eggs have collapsed sides

Hatched eggs have a flat top in profile

To get rid of lice you have to stop them breeding



Life cycle of a head louse

Steps for treating head lice

- Step 1 Detection
- Comb hair conditioner onto dry, brushed hair
- Divide hair in small (3-4cm) sections
- Comb sections 3 or 4 times
- Wipe onto a paper towel
- Look for lice and eggs

Step 2 Treatment

- Use a licensed or registered product
- OR
- Use the comb and conditioner method every 2 days until no lice are found for 10 days

Step 3 Check for resistance

If an insecticide has worked the lice will be dead in 20 minutes

After this time check Are the lice moving?

No \rightarrow the product has worked

Yes \rightarrow the product has not worked

Step 4 Retreatment

Reapply the product 7 days after the first treatment

For heavy infestations, retreat 7 days after the second treatment

What if the lice aren't dead?

Lice resistance cannot be predicted - retreat as soon as possible using a product with a different active chemical



Nothing works...

The four reasons for treatment failure are:

- 1. Inadequate application
- 2. Lice are resistant to the chemical
- 3. Failure to re treat
- 4. Reinfection

If you are having difficulties start at the top of the list and work down.

Remember these points:

- Always check for live lice before treating
- No treatment kills 100% of the eggs
- Re treat 7 days after the first application
- Test to make sure the treatment has worked and change products if necessary
- Head lice can be controlled but it takes a systematic approach.

Need more information? www.health.vic.gov.au/headlice www.health.qld.gov.au/headlice



Good luck and happy hunting!

